

FEBRUARY 2020
EBS 133
THE USE OF ENGLISH
2 HOURS

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| Candidate's Index Number |
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| Signature: |

UNIVERSITY OF CAPE COAST
COLLEGE OF EDUCATION STUDIES
SCHOOL OF EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND OUTREACH
INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

COLLEGES OF EDUCATION
FOUR-YEAR BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (B. ED)
FIRST YEAR, END-OF-FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2020

FEBRUARY 3, 2020 THE USE OF ENGLISH 2:00 PM – 2:25 PM

This paper consists of three sections, A, B and C. Answer all the questions in Sections A and B and ONE question in section C. Section A will be collected after the first 25 minutes.

SECTION A
(20 Marks)

Answer all the questions in this section

For items 1 to 20, each stem is followed by four options lettered A to D. Read each item carefully and circle the letter that corresponds to the correct or the best option.

1. Varieties of a language with different geographical distribution and are mutually understandable to their speakers are known as
A. accents.
B. dialects.
C. idiolects.
D. sociolects.
2. Which of the following is **not** an English as a Second Language (ESL) country?
A. China
B. India
C. Nigeria
D. Singapore
3. English is a native language in all of the following countries **except**
A. Australia
B. Britain
C. Ghana
D. USA
4. English is a global language because
A. it has the largest native speakers.
B. it has the largest second and foreign language speakers.
C. its native speaker countries are the most powerful globally.
D. it is used for international communication.

5. Two languages are mutually intelligible if
 - A. speakers of each language understand the other.
 - B. they share a large amount of vocabulary.
 - C. they borrow from each other.
 - D. they originate from one ancestor language.

6. Which of the following **best** defines the term *morpheme*?
 - A. Affixes added to a word to form a new word.
 - B. The highest grammatical unit of a language.
 - C. The smallest meaningful unit of grammar.
 - D. The smallest meaningful unit of phonology.

7. The word *ethnolinguistic* is an example of
 - A. blending.
 - B. clipping.
 - C. compounding.
 - D. derivation.

8. The word formation process where prefixes and suffixes are added to a word to form a new word is called
 - A. affixation.
 - B. inflection.
 - C. prefixation.
 - D. suffixation.

9. The English word *lab* is an example of what word formation process?
 - A. abbreviation.
 - B. borrowing.
 - C. clipping.
 - D. derivation.

10. How is borrowing different from other word formation processes?
 - A. It is external to the language.
 - B. It is internal to the language.
 - C. It is older than other processes.
 - D. It is a rich word formation process.

11. His signature on this document differed considerably from his signature and this led historians to believe that a forgery may have been involved.
 - A. characteristic
 - B. peculiar
 - C. typical
 - D. unique

12. His blood pressure was high throughout the three-month testing period.
 - A. coherently
 - B. considerably
 - C. consistently
 - D. substantially

13. The accommodation challenge in some parts of the country has led to many Ghanaians seeking to acquire land to build their own houses.
- A. acute
 - B. abject
 - C. total
 - D. high
14. poverty has led to many social problems such as robbery and prostitution in our society.
- A. Acute
 - B. Abject
 - C. Total
 - D. High
15. The stock market has made gains since the end of the economic crisis.
- A. coherent
 - B. considerable
 - C. consistent
 - D. substantial
16. In the following paragraph, the essay will to discuss three word formation processes.
- A. precede
 - B. proceed
 - C. progress
 - D. move
17. There are three factors to consider in defining a global language.
- A. considerable
 - B. critical
 - C. crucial
 - D. substantial
18. The data from the Oti region presents adifferent outcome.
- A. certain
 - B. more
 - C. rather
 - D. most
19. When the Christians kept away from social activities, social strength
- A. declined.
 - B. decreased.
 - C. retrogressed.
 - D. reduced.
20. Identify the odd word from the following.
- A. Walled
 - B. Walked
 - C. Wicked
 - D. Worked

